The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XLV. THURSDAY, JULY 29, 1880.—TEN PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

DON'T
MISS IT.
SAVE MONEY.
Our 15 per cent Discount Sale,
Which means a selection of nearly one-fifth from regular prices on nearly all of FINE GOODS and CLOTHING in our extensive stock, which we are compelled to submit."
We say "don't miss it."
M. WHEELER & CO.,
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Owners 3 IMPORTANT CHARACTERISTICS.
UNIFORMITY, DURABILITY, SUPERIORITY OF METAL.
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.
No. 26 [illegible]

BETHESDA,
THE ORIGINAL WAUKESHA WATER
BETHESDA GINGER ALE,
Perfectly Pure. The Best in the World
CHAS. H. BAKER, Agent,
Telephone 878. 87 & 89 Washington st.
Waukesha Water
(NATURAL SPRING)
20 gallons for One Dollar.
Telephone 3208. 87 Washington.

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SELECT RETAIL ORDERS FOR
SHIRTS
from gentlemen who have been unable to secure a perfect fit elsewhere.

LAKE GENEVA.
Tuesday, July 27, you can visit this famous resort on regular Passenger Train for $1.00 the round trip. Tickets for sale at depot, and at Gunther's candy store, and at Gunther's candy store.

TO RENT,
IN THE
Tribune Building,
A FRONT OFFICE WITH GOOD VAULT.
Will be ready for occupancy by Sept. 26, 1880.
Room 11, Tribune Building.

REAL ESTATE!
Bought, Sold, and Rented on Commission.
MONEY to LOAN
On Real Estate at Lowest Rates.
DATED & DEADLY, 80 La Salle st.

MONEY TO LOAN
[illegible]

Men's and Youths' Summer Hats
All leading Americas, English, and French shapes. Finest Goods, Lowest Prices. RANKIN & CO., Panthers, 100 Randolph st. (Tribune Bldg.)

A CHECK FOR $750,000 [illegible]

IN THE SHADOWY VALLEY.

The Patient Sufferer at Mount Macgregor Facing the Grim Minister Death.

At 3 O'Clock This Morning It Was Just Drifting Toward the End.

Down to the Last, He Insists that He Shall Be Dressed as He Always

[illegible]

JUDGE DICKEY DEAD.

The Veteran Jurist Registers an Adamantine Obey, M. J., at 11:15 Last Night.

His Early Career as a School-Teacher—Long and Honorable Experience on the Bar.

Services in the War with Mexico and of the Rebellion—Other Retrospective Matters.

[illegible]

THE LAUDERDALE DEFALCATION.

[illegible]

MACKIN.

Justices Sloan and Craig Will Hear Stowe' Application This Morning.

Is the Sometime the "Tim Worker" Is to a Dreadful State of Uncertainty.

For If He Order Bonden Ere He Will Go to Jailer on the Bon Tem.

[illegible]

THE CHOLERA IN SPAIN.

[illegible]

ALL ON ACCOUNT OF THE LILY.

[illegible]

SPORTING MATTERS.

The Providence Team Defeats the Chicago Club by a Score of 6 to 5.

Sparks for the August Meeting of Rochester-Gleason's Horse to Eliminate.

Sullivan and Ryan, It Is Said, Will Fight to the Finish with Soft Gloves.

[Illegible]

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

[Illegible]

A SHORT TURKEY PRIZE.

[Illegible]

THE SECOND ASSISTANT AT.

[Illegible]

THE QUEER POSTOFFICE POST.

[Illegible]

SPORTING MATTERS.

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Sullivan and Ryan, It Is Said, Will Fight to the Finish with Soft Gloves.

[Illegible]

A GOOD DAY FOR THE LADY

Wednesday's Shirt Advertisers Prepare a General Feeling of Liebfraumilch.

The Mortality Reports from Other Cities as Caused by the Great North West.

Great Stores Throughout the Country—Official Record of the Temperature—Predictions.

[Illegible]

WARD AS A WITNESS.

The Imprisoned Magistrate of Gambier Platters Answers Questions Under Cross-Examination.

William A. Warner's Profits Figured Out—A Very Lively Separation Suit.

Mr. Harper on His Way to Europe to Buy $500,000 Worth of Paintings.

[Illegible]

CREEPING IN FOR RELIGION.

[Illegible]

THE WORK OF FLAMES.

[Illegible]

KENTUCKY'S DEAD OUTLAW.

[Illegible]

THE DUEL OF MODERN DAYS.

[Illegible]

IN DEFENSE OF A CITY.

[Illegible]

SOLDIERS AND A DYNAMITER.

[Illegible]

UNITED TELL FOR SELECTIONS.

[Illegible]

CHIEF GRAIN INSPECTOR.

Gov. Oglesby Appoints P. Bird Price of Chicago to That Important Office.

A Batch of the Lucky Ones—Various Opinions on the Board of Trade.

Delegates to the Third National Bank Convention Also Appointed—Other Springfield News.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 28.—[Special.]—The Governor today appointed P. Bird Price chief grain inspector for the City of Chicago for a term of two years, to succeed Frank Tenney, whose term of office has expired. Price's appointment will take effect the 25th inst.

MR. PRICE'S PERSONAL HISTORY OF THEIR OFFICERS.

Mr. Bird Price was connected with the Grain Inspector's office for seven years—from 1879 to 1886. He served in various clerical capacities and afterwards as weigher, and later as chief of the department. He was removed by Gov. Hamilton July 26, 1886, after he had served one year in the latter capacity, owing to some differences of opinion as to the proper method of the inspection. He is a competent man, a prompt man, and of fine presence and good address. He is now Secretary of the Republican County Committee, and served in both the fall and spring campaigns as Secretary of the Republican campaign committee. He is a decided Republican. There is not the slightest room of the slightest shade of opposition to his appointment, and he is generally congratulated by the party friends.

Mr. Price, when spoken to yesterday about his appointment, said: "I rather hoped things against it would get the start. I knew that I had a very strong backing. Those who pressed my application on the Governor gave me great reason to hope that I would be appointed. If anyone has worked himself, I shall reasonably endeavor to justify to every day the Governor's action and to prove that my friends have not cut an improper figure in favor of me by pressing that claim and be proven true to the trust."

Mr. Price has been awaited by telegraph that the commission had been forwarded to the county clerk's office, and he left for Chicago on the 11:30 train last night. He expected to arrive in the office of his office therefore. On way to the evening of numerous congratulations from friends. The Republicans around the County and City headquarters were very enthusiastic over the appointment.

It is said that the appointment of all the officials, the Public Administrator of the South of Lake, and others of the kind, were of the City Council for nothing," said Mr. Price. "I will say for the Governor, though, that no other gave me any encouragement than I received in connection with this office. I understand that the position was sought after by many others, and I am not sure that I am the best man for it. I am not a politician, and I am not a politician, and I am not a politician, and

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

[illegible]

PUBLISHED DAILY.

[illegible]

THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1865.

FOR SEARCH AND SURVEY.

Readers of THE TRIBUNE going out of town for the summer can have it mailed to them for $1 per month, postage free, Sunday edition included.

The heat in New York continues intense, and quite a number of fatalities from sunstroke are reported.

GEN. CHETLAIN has appointed P. Bird Price Chief Grain Inspector for the City of Chicago to succeed Frank Dodge.

MAYOR HARRISON is credited with the intention of making numerous changes in the Health Office at an early day.

THE English Government has received fresh proposals from the Darien authorities regarding the Atlan tractus.

THERE were over 1,700 new cases of cholera in Spain Tuesday, according to latest [illegible] and nearly 700 deaths.

JUDGE T. LYLE DICKEY of the Supreme Court of the State of Illinois died at [illegible] City, S. J., of [illegible] last night.

THE Chicago gamblers kept their dens closed yesterday, and claimed to believe that Chief of Police Doyle "meant business."

THE Chicago police have as yet failed to unearth any clew as to the whereabouts of [illegible] Schaffer, who left Chicago some time ago.

GEN. GRANT apparently has but a few hours to live at the utmost. He has lost consciousness, and his existence at the present time is simply physical.

THERE is a great sensation among the [illegible] people at the Isle of Wight, who will witness the marriage of Princess Beatrice to Prince Henry of Battenberg today.

PIERRE BONAPARTE, German Ambassador to France, has been appointed Governor of Algiers-Lorraine. He will be succeeded at Paris by Lieut.-Gen. von Schweinitz.

EARL RUSSELL has been complimented in the House of Lords by the Marquis of Salisbury on the manner in which he fulfilled his duties as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

THE Captain of a schooner which arrived at Portland, Me., yesterday reports the existence also of a veritable sea-serpent which weighs about 1,000 pounds and looks something like a turtle.

A LIFE-BOAT containing fifteen men, which started from Yarmouth, England, yesterday to rescue the crew of a wrecked brigantine, capsized before reaching its destination and eight of the men were drowned.

THE body of Police Officer Henry Parker was found in the West Side Water-Works crib yesterday. He is supposed to have accidentally lost his life during the progress of the Wells & Fraser sewer-works fire.

WILLIAM BUTTERWORTH, who shot and killed his mistress, Kitty Hall, in a low resort of this city last June, was yesterday found guilty of murder, and his punishment fixed at seventeen years in the penitentiary.

LORD LONSDALE and the George Chetwynd, rival aspirants for favor in the eyes of Lily Langtry, had a hair-encounter in Hyde Park, London, which lasted ten minutes, and was witnessed by a large crowd of interested spectators.

REPRESENTATIVES of the miners are at Washington to urge the Government to use its influence to keep the mines out open. They have succeeded so far as to obtain the promise from the Secretary of the Interior that the text must be authenticated. But the position of the Secretary does not rest in Kansas and Colorado, and it is reported that those States will not permit Texas cattle, which they insist are infected, to pass.

THE appointment of P. Bird Price to the office of Grain Inspector for the City of Chicago yesterday was received in grim unison with anything but satisfaction. Board of Trade men, while having nothing personally against Mr. Price, condemned the Governor's action on the ground that the office should not be meddled with and a political appointment made to fill a place eminently demanding an expert grain man and one satisfactory to the majority of those interested in the trade to obtain.

THE money-market was full and unchanged yesterday. Foreign bills were quiet and a little weak. In investment securities little was done. The New York stock market was heavier, with a considerable fall in several stocks, notably New Jersey Central.—The Chicago produce exchange was generally quiet and steady, except that wheat declined some two shillings to high, who, got tired of the prospect of having only large stocks at the close of a new day, [illegible] closed with Tuesday part and [illegible] 1/2 cents higher, and unchanged, while [illegible] were lower, corn firm, barley steady. Receipts [illegible] were:—The live-stock markets were quiet and generally steady, an advance in hogs of 5 cents since being noted. The receipts were unimportant light and the yards were cleared of an entire low less noon.

JAMES STORER, counsel for Joseph C. Mackin, has succeeded in finding two of the members of the Supreme Court, and Justice Sloan and Craig will hear his argument in favor of a supersedeas at Galesburg at 9 o'clock this morning. Mr. Storer, from his recently, seemed to be under the impression that the Justices were not overzealous in the line. Mackin stood the events of yesterday's sessions philosophically. However, unless a favorable decision is reached in his case before noon, he will probably be taken to Joliet with the rest of the convicts who are to [illegible] starting the hour when they must begin to do the State some service.

WARNER and two or three other Democratic Congressmen from Ohio say they have no doubt the Civil-service law is unconstitutional. Men who look at it from a purely legal standpoint have no difficulty in seeing that the act is valid, but to a Democrat simply as such it is necessarily unconstitutional. Jackson declared in a message to Congress that every citizen had an equal right to hold office, and, that being so, the question of fitness would have nothing to do with the matter. If the offices exist only for the reward of partisan workers and tenants, and not for the general public, the whole system alone can be sustained "constitutional."

In considering the claims of the Iowa Prohibitionists it must be remembered that when they speak of "no open saloons" they do not refer to the places where liquor is sold by the quantity to be drunk elsewhere, nor to the millions of liquor prescriptions from drug stores, nor to the liquor drunk in club-rooms. The claim that "open saloons" have been reduced to another word in real to the view of the fact that the drug-store and wholesale establishments have enormously increased their sales, and the internal-revenue statistics show over 4,000 licensed liquor dealers in the State. Selling to the dram is not as noticeable as before prohibition, the trade now being mostly by the quart and gallon, although the large towns still maintain "open saloons."

HARVEST CATTLE LOADING.

GEN. A. T. SIBBIS, General Manager of the great "Standard Cattle Company," which holds leases for her millions of acres in the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reports in the Indian Territory, stoutly proved to us in service with a TRIBUNE reporter yesterday that the management of the company is in the hands of men who can defend all its interests in a shrewd and plausible manner. Certainly the company could not have an abler advocate than Gen. SIBBIS to champion its "contracts" and defend its "leases." He says that the leases were approved by Secretary TELLER as legitimate, and the Cheyennes and Arapahoes now receive rental from about $40,000 per annum in money and beef for the use of the four millions of acres, and that its greatly contributes to their support. "Why, then," he asks, "should the leases be disrupted and the cattle companies be driven from the lands when the only result would be to deprive the Indians of a handsome yearly revenue?"

GEN. SIBBIS states his case clearly, but there is another side to it which calls for consideration. So far as Secretary TELLER'S opinion is concerned it has never deserved or received any great amount of respect from lawyers. When the question of to the legality of the leases was presented to the Secretary—after they were made and when the cattle companies were already in full possession—he did not attempt to say that these so-called contracts were binding in law, but merely decided that "so long as the Indians were satisfied no would not interfere." This was virtually saying that if anybody could bootwink the Indians successfully the department would not object so long as he executed it. Government, acting as a guardian, would permit its wards to be despoiled of their property so long as they made no complaint, and all the cattle companies had full liberty to overreach, bootwink, and cheat the Indians to the extent of their ability. But even according to the terms of the TELLER decision it is valid no longer, for the Indians are now making very energetic complaints, and Gen. SIBBIS admits that the Government "controls" outbreak of the Cheyennes and Arapahoes is caused by the encroachments of the cattle companies. Even according to the TELLER ruling it is now time to "interfere."

Indians, as wards of the Government, have no right to sell or lease their lands without the consent of Congress. Instead of saying that any one who could neither incriminate the Indians into making recorded, Indian contracts, the department should have seen to it that only just and fair leases were made. Gen. SIBBIS states that the company leased 1,000,000 acres at two cents per acre, and 700,000 at three cents, and says that "each head of stock requires from seventy to thirty acres to graze upon, prefer to the light growth of grass on these cayuse districts," and hence that the price is really pretty good, also "especially nominal." Taking Gen. SIBBIS'S figures, the company pays under the contract only 60 cents for a year's pasturage of a beast.[illegible] In other words, the Indians furnish food for the bullock for a year for 60 cents, and during the time the animal's increase in value amounts to $10 or $15, of which the cattle company takes 40 per cent and the Indians 6 per cent. Superintendent of the number of cows required, the Indians furnish pasturage to each bullock at less than a cent a week! Will anybody say that such a contract is fair and just? Would a white man ever bind such a contract or permit its want to do so? At the very least the Indians should receive seven to ten times what they do now from these leases, and the cattle companies might consider themselves lucky to secure pasturage at the rate of a cent or a cent and a half a day instead of a cent a week for each bullock.

These cattle company leases are illegal in law, unfair toward the Indians, and dangerous in policy. The argument Chetto may be brought up to favor the leases, but the majority of the Indians are growing restive and ugly under the encroachments of the cattle companies, as they are finding out how they have been defrauded. The Government has already been put to a large expense quieting the army about Fort Reno to subdue the aggrieved Indians, and it is only by good fortune that a bloody Indian war has been averted. Unless something is done to settle this matter the Government must continue under the heavy expense of maintaining an army in the Indian Territory with reinforcements in Southern Kansas. The Indians feel that in making these long-time contracts with the companies they were but into a swindle and are now being deported of their property. The Government kept quiet as long as the cattle companies could enforce their contracts without the Indians making any love about it, but now that the army has to be exercised against them to protect an evil bread it is certainly time for the authorities to "interfere" and stop the swindles of the Indian lands.

[SUPPLEMENT RAILROAD CONTRACTS.]

During the last few years the great railroad corporations have been carrying against the destructive competition of parallel and competing roads which were constructed with the purpose of forcing the sale of the same to the old companies. The New York Central, with its Western connections, was made the victim of the enterprise "Erie-Pluto" and the West Shore. The Pennsylvania was threatened by what is known as the "South Pennsylvania Railroad," projected by TOMPKINS and partly constructed between Philadelphia and Pittsburg, and buying the Pennsylvania system at many important points. Mr. VANDERBILT bought the "Erie-Pluto" some time ago, and paid the sum who built it handsome [illegible] over and above the cost of construction. It is now announced that VANDERBILT has virtually completed his arrangements for securing control of the West Shore in behalf of the Central Road, and at the same time has sold to the Pennsylvania Central the parallel line to the building as a murderous rival to that great road. In the case of the West Shore VANDERBILT has adopted a course which differs from that which he took toward the "Erie-Pluto." He has refused to pay the West Shore owners the profit they expected, but has prolonged the fight until the road is practically bankrupt. The result will be to wipe out the West Shore stock, and VANDERBILT will get the road at the price of the bonds, which probably represent more than the actual cost of construction. His own paralleling enterprise in Pennsylvania has not turned out much better than the West Shore scheme. The Pennsylvania Company has taken the unexpended road and says it can also consent to an agreement which is believed to be several millions less than the money VANDERBILT actually expended. There are other arrangements which are announced to be all more offensive and defensive, whereby the New York Central and the Pennsylvania companies are to be maintained in their respective territories, and are to make concerted war against all invaders of their territory.

If these combinations have been made, as stated, they will be of great value to the two great corporations, and they afford a substantial basis for the rise of several dollars a share in their stock within the last few days. But the cruelest paralleling these companies has involved the loss of many millions of dollars, and the result is left open to the investment of capital in his roads in the work of ruin. Mr. DEPEW, the President of the New York Central, made a statement the other day to the effect that in every instance of paralleling railroads the betterment of capital and shareholders exceeded the cost of the unnecessary road; and it is entirely within bounds to say that the $150,000,000 of capital has been sacrificed to the greed and vainglory of the railroad Napoleons, whose profits have been exceedingly small as compared with the destruction of values they have achieved.

KENTUCKY LAWLESSNESS.

The criminal record of the year shows that Kentucky stands next to Texas in the number of murders committed. What Kentucky or Texas or Texas did would in all probability lead the records, even the last to penetrate to certain sentiments. In Texas there is at least a pretense of punishing murderers. In Kentucky there is not sufficient public sentiment, apparently, to bring the authority of the law to act against another and conscientious. Those when a man is killed the friends of the murdered man organize to avenge his death and the friends of the murderer in like manner organize to resist them. A candidate in the result, and the respective sects, in defiance of law, pursue each other, and if the officers of the law interfere they are the common target of both sides.

There are few States counties and cities in Kentucky. At Owensboro seven months ago the Board [illegible] hanged the Edwards faction in a lace and managed to kill one of them. Monday one of the Board faction was shot by the Edwards faction in a courthouse. Both factions are now carrying all their members for open war. At Hopkinsville a vacancy has grown out of the liquor question. Saturday last some representatives of the whisky interest went into Hopkinsville for the purpose of killing the Hon. BLANTON, who represents the local-option interest. The Sheriff, however, got the drop on three of them and they retired to the train. Spasmodic efforts are making to have this law enforcing counties. Meanwhile the friends of the Sheriff are relying about his and others have been issued to show the bogus gang to quarter. The Louisville Commercial says: "This is a feud which has already mapped fifty or more men in Jefferson and Montgomery Counties, and may yet prove to be as famous as the other feuds in Kentucky were." The residents in Breathitt County is probably familiar to the readers of THE TRIBUNE. Some months ago a quarrel arose between a Sheriff and a Tollivar, in which the latter was killed. The friends of Tollivar rallied, and by a forged order got Sheriff out of jail, took him into the woods, and killed him. This left of the Sheriff gang only three persons and a boy of 15, but sufficient of their friends succeeded in apprehending a strong Sheriff faction, although there is still a Sheriff running there. The Tollivar forces were equally on the alert, and between the two factions County has been at the mercy of organized bands of desperate and several persons on both sides have been killed. The end has been held in other counties. Some of the authorities even are leagued with one or the other faction. They have not only held the authorities of the county in contempt, but even the authorities of the State. That we do not overstate the case will be seen by the following extract from the Louisville Courier-Journal:

> Murder, violence, and organization have long prevailed unchecked. The majority of the people are law-loving and law-abiding, but their power of self-protection has been destroyed. The [illegible] result of the executive clemency has been that every murderer who has been pardoned has become the leader of a band of cutthroats, and the people are [illegible] to the mercy of the lawless. Republicans and Democrats alike have been [illegible] to pay tribute to the [illegible] of the [illegible] of the [illegible] have refused to pay the [illegible] of the [illegible] preferring to [illegible] to [illegible] to [illegible]

BEATRICE'S WEDDING.

The Ceremonies That Will Attend Her Union to Henry of Battenberg.

The Decorations of the Church, the Guests, the Service, and the Breakfast.

A Description of Some of the Gowns Which Make Ty the Royal Trousseau.

London, July 22.—[Via Bastian Bennett Cable to The Tribune.]—Queen Victoria, Prince and the whole line of Wight are overdoing with more preparations, foreign Ministers, and the most privileges, associated in the history to the wedding of Princess Beatrice and Prince Henry of Battenberg, which is to take place tomorrow. The Prince and Princess of Wales have withdrawn from the forty-seventy to-day and are spending their time as quietly as possible at Sandringham, which is quiet at present. At Osborne House there is a tremendous amount of noise, bustle, and confusion. The town are crowded with tourists and with the noise of the salute at the palace. There are long lines of visitors continuously in front of the scene of most interesting events, and the church bells have been rung all day to announce the fact. The natives are already half distracted and are supposed to lose their wits entirely tomorrow. The Isle of Wight town, would have been overcome by Prince Henry by engaging only to accept the Colonelcy of their battalion, and a great parade. The young Prince, with all the pride of a young Lieutenant in his new scarlet uniform, is to march at the head of the battalion, which is to escort the bridal party from the castle to the church. Then the Governor, who is the Queen's representative, will return to the castle and the fete.

All the resorts in the Isle, including innumerable yachts, are gaily decorated with flowing and fluttering flags, and there is every prospect of Saturday's wedding day proving a success. The list of guests invited to the wedding does not include any royalties.

Their daughter Marie Louise is at Newport, Isle of Wight. This island of the rose has been [illegible] Cowes [illegible] the Isle of Wight is proud that Queen Victoria selected it for her home. The climate will soon be at its best. The summer will also open at St. Michael's, Whippingham, in close sight of the city. It is the first wedding in the Queen's family that will have had to be outside the royal chapel. At the wedding of Princess Louise and Marquis of Lorne, Mrs. Gladstone of Hawarden, sister of Mr. Gladstone, was married to Lord Lyttelton, which is quartered at Osborne House. There

THE RAILROADS.

The Wisconsin Central Will Retire Gleason Over the Great Western Road.

Important Action on Utah-Colorado Business—Settling the Fourth Passenger Question.

The Vanderbilt and Pennsylvania Alliance—Rates and General Rail Rates—War in St. Louis.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 20.—[Special.]—Some changes were made upon the Wisconsin Central System that were considered well worth commenting upon. It is said that considerable ill feeling has existed between Mr. Gleason and General Manager Goodrich in that city, and the latter has been made superintendent of the Chicago division. This leaves Mr. Gleason without a position, and it is said that he will retire from the road. Mr. Gleason has been connected with the Wisconsin Central System for a number of years, and has been a prominent factor in the success which has attended the operations of the road. He has been one of the most popular railroad men in the Northwest, and his retirement from the Wisconsin Central will be a matter of regret to a large number of railroad men in this city and elsewhere. Mr. Gleason has been connected with the Wisconsin Central System since 1871, when he was appointed general freight agent of the road. He was subsequently promoted to the position of general manager, which he held until 1884, when he was appointed general manager of the Wisconsin Central Lines, which position he has held up to the present time. Mr. Gleason has been a prominent factor in the Northwestern Railroad Association, and has been one of the most popular railroad men in the Northwest. He has a host of friends in this city, who will regret to learn of his retirement from the Wisconsin Central System. Mr. Gleason has not announced his future plans, but it is understood that he will remain in this city, and will probably engage in some business enterprise.

GENERAL GOODRICH.

Mr. Goodrich, General Traffic Manager of the Wisconsin Central Lines, has been appointed General Manager of the Chicago division of the Wisconsin Central Lines, vice Gleason, resigned. Mr. Goodrich has been connected with the Wisconsin Central Lines for a number of years, and has been General Freight Agent of the road for a number of years. He has a host of friends in this city, who will regret to learn of his retirement from the Wisconsin Central System. Mr. Goodrich has not announced his future plans, but it is understood that he will remain in this city, and will probably engage in some business enterprise.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT.

Mr. Joseph Smith, General Superintendent of the Wisconsin Central Lines, has been appointed Assistant General Manager of the Chicago division of the Wisconsin Central Lines, vice Goodrich, promoted.

GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT.

Mr. Smith, who has been General Superintendent of the Wisconsin Central Lines for a number of years, has been appointed General Manager of the Chicago division of the Wisconsin Central Lines, vice Goodrich, promoted.

GENERAL FREIGHT AGENT.

Mr. Joseph Smith, General Superintendent of the Wisconsin Central Lines, has been appointed General Manager of the Chicago division of the Wisconsin Central Lines, vice Goodrich, promoted.

GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT.

Mr. Joseph Smith, General Superintendent of the Wisconsin Central Lines

THE SEA-SERPENT CAUGHT.

A Twelve-Stripper Capturer a Sea Monster With Limbs Like a Turkey, but With Weight Like Fossils

LOST AND FOUND.

BOARDING AND HOUSING.

BOARD WANTED.

PERSONAL.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

STORAGE.

FOR SALE.

CONSTRUCTION.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, &c.

PROFESSIONAL.

EDUCATIONAL OFFERING.

SITUATIONS—MALE.

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

TO RENT—FLATS.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TO RENT—STORES, &c.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED TO RENT.

FINANCIAL.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

MONEY WANTED.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

TO EXCHANGE.

MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS.

STOCKS & OFFICE FIXTURES.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WESTERN.

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

A. C. Quirk, Traylor City, Mich., is at the Palmer.

Lorenzo Sherrill (r., Cincinnati, and Elton Chambers, Boston, Mass., are at the Palmer.

S. C. Small, Lafayette; John T. Stone, Memphis, and Alfred S. Hart, New York, are at the Palmer.

Col. P. Hill Pirk, Lancaster; S. C. Clinton, Boston; S. H. Parker, New Orleans, and S. C. Stevens, Baltimore, are at the Grand Pacific.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Lillie Schaffer has not been found.

Patrick Healy, a schoolmaster of the second of Fenwick-street, owner and assistant overseer, who lived in South of Ohio at the Criminal Court on charges brought against a number of the boys in his school proficiency.

The Wabash-street viaduct will be completed today, and the Wells would open with cars in fifteen hours. The bridge will be open for pedestrians and teams, but not for cars. The cars are to be switched at that the cars may run on a short connection morning.

Robert Ashbrook, 10 years of age, was run over by a passenger train at the corner of Jefferson and Fifteenth streets at 8:30 last night, and had both legs crushed, besides being otherwise injured internally. He was removed to the County Hospital, and will probably die.

Eddie Clarson, 12 years old, who lives with his parents at No. 102 Hanover street, and whose hobby, the police say, have been disposing, decided to commit suicide last night. The boy took strychnine tablets powder for the purpose, obtained by, and died hard. He called was quickly on hand. The case taken to the County Hospital and will get well.

James Scully, a young man 20 years of age, a clerk in the employ of J. J. Corcoran & Co., No. 272 Van Buren street, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Officer Hoge and taken to the charge of larceny. It is claimed that in the last few months Scully has made way with goods worth in all over $1,000. The case was continued to Aug. 1 on $1,000 bonds.

Samuel J. Murphy, the police officer who shot Charles Bailey on West Lake street July 24, was arraigned before Justice Lyon yesterday on a charge of assaulting an unarmed man with intent to kill. Bailey acted as before the police, it is claimed, and handed the officer down, when he replied to the assault. He will appear, Murphy secured a continuance until Aug. 7, and that placed under bonds of $2,000.

Joseph Scully, 30 years old, has for two or three years been bookkeeper and salesman for J. J. Corcoran, a negotiator on Van Buren street near the bridge. An examination of the books proved a deficit of $2,000. It was explained that Scully had been in the habit of "kiting notes," a dollar or two on every collection he made. He was arrested and put under bonds in the Criminal Court under $1,000 bonds.

The 15th Precinct will bid eight at the express, No. 241 Blue Island avenue. It was opened to suit the business meetings, however, from occurring Sunday afternoons, upon week evening during the week. For the present, Wednesday evening is fixed upon for the meeting, a change may succeed to record a fact for an exceptional attendance of the guard of Robert Emmet Post No. 11, Union Club, on Twelfth street, will probably be on guard.

The Universities' Association met yesterday afternoon and elected an executive to the association, the effect of which is to secure the control of polo-grounds to be started in city. To accomplish it, the association will endeavor to secure a lease of the grounds, and ordering the grounds in such a manner that will be attractive to the public. Matter called on before the meeting, and the association will meet again on Aug. 7.

At the National Temperance Association meeting last night a letter from Gen. Neal was read expressing regret that he was not able to attend that Fourth of July parade. A resolution was adopted setting forth that a resource to the position office in this city would parties by every means that Gen. John B. Gough was the man who would make a good Presidential candidate, and instructing Gen. H. B. W. Wilson, President of the association, to communicate with Gen. Neal and request him to permit him, temporarily absent of the office of Precinct Captain at Chicago.

The case against John H. Bridgeford, charged with embezzling $1,000 from Wagner Bros., livestock commission men at the South Yards, came up before Justice Summers yesterday. The evidence given during the day went to show that Bridgeford, as bookkeeper, altered the accounts, during four months of 1889, so that in eight partial entries from $2 to $200 every day. On the defense an attempt will be made by Bridgeford to prove that the firm's books were unbalancing to suit, never correctly kept. Mrs. Wagner then made further statements to the effect that Bridgeford's accounts were balanced and their partners satisfied. Bridgeford is bookkeeping and his accountant for both sides.

One of the police officers on duty at the Webb, Patrick O'Connor, had Monday night was Henry Parker, aged 30 years, who lives at No. 25 Fourth street. He failed to appear at court in the morning, and he was reported as missing. A search was made for him, and at 11 o'clock yesterday morning his body was found in the Water Works Pit, at the corner of Twenty-second and Halsted streets. It is supposed that he fell accidentally into the pit, and, being unable to swim, was drowned. Coroner Kaspar will hold an inquest.

Michael Kelley and Ira Chadwick of the city, evasion and occupation fortune of the evening session.

Monday evening, July 21, a banquet will be tendered Senator Shoup at Kinsley's Hotel, Mr. Brennan and many other prominent Democrats will be present.

After hearing the reports of the subcommittee in regard to the tickets the committee adjourned.

The Chamberlain Committee, 100 strong, under the auspices of Democratic Democracy, Monday, July 21, at 8:30 p.m., at Democratic Hall, No. 1 Fifth avenue, and speech are to be made.

THE GRAND VESTIBULE.

The Chicago & Great Western Railway, which was recently given a right of way through the city to the Grand—the road which owns the Wisconsin Central, the Chicago & La Salle, and the Stanley Road will get into the city—is doing no kind to nothing to encouragement to reach its prospective depot on the South Side. It will cross the South Branch near Twelfth street, and then make its way north on the west bank of the stream. It has already begun condemnation proceedings against the Northwestern, which runs a car or more before it can reach the South Branch, and another has made protection of the fact that it had secured rights on the Illinois Central Company and other occupants of the property near Sixteenth Park and Harrison streets. These new tracks belong to the school road, and have been leased for long terms, one of the leases, the most valuable, having expired only months. Superintendent of a sort of short cuts. It is believed that most of the land which is needed on the West Division for the Northwestern's tracks can be easily had, but it is now a question whether the Northwestern will not have to pay a long time before the road is running over the property of other of the grand terminal. It is said that the Northwestern proceedings are the others would offer Harrison Street and the river, but would not consent to the Illinois Central's using them. The Illinois Central is ready to meet this new condition, and will give a handsome consideration for the privilege. The Northwestern has the engineers now at work, and will be ready to begin condemnation proceedings in a few days. The Illinois Central has already begun condemnation proceedings, and will be ready to begin work in a few days. The Chicago & Great Western has not yet begun condemnation proceedings, but will do so as soon as it is ready to begin work. The Chicago & Great Western has not yet begun condemnation proceedings, but will do so as soon as it is ready to begin work. The Chicago & Great Western has not yet begun condemnation proceedings, but will do so as soon as it is ready to begin work.

THE STREET LOUNGER.

Librarian Foote of the Public Library has not given up the project of securing all the room he needs in the City Hall, and of consequently securing Chamberlain Park for a public-library building. He has had several consultations with Comptroller Cregier on the subject, and the two do not appear to agree on the space required. The Librarian wants considerably more room for the courts than the Comptroller is willing to give them, and one or the other, which would give the Board square feet of space.

The two leading rulers would for several days have been agreed upon, but the Librarian would not work in his proposition would not work in his favor. With the Librarian's scheme the Board would be given the entire basement, a number of rooms on the first floor, and the whole of the second floor. The Comptroller's plan would give the Board

THE NORTHWEST.

Two Rivals in Love Make It Quite Lively at a Shelbyville Picnic.

Four Men Charged with Crime at Wisconsin, Wis.—Knights Templar at Neenah.

The Devil's Lake Land-Office Officials Found Guilty, but Re Intimated—Other Matters.

THE COURTS.

Judge Grosscup Decided a Railroad-Bond Case in Which Wagon Has Fough Arguments.

A Furniture Firm Disgraces with Itself—A Bonus-Lawyer's Confidence Abused—Notes.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

THE MARKETS.

For the Stomach's Sake.

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SANFORD'S GINGER.

INTERESTING TO TAILORS.

Swarthmore College.

KINSLEY HALL COLLEGE

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MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S

INSTITUTE OF OUR LADY.

FAMILY SCHOOL For Young Ladies and Misses.

Morgan Park Military Academy.

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POINT LOOKOUT HOTEL, ON LONG BEACH, L. I.

The Grand Union Hotel.

United States Hotel.

Hotel Lafayette, Cape May, N. J.

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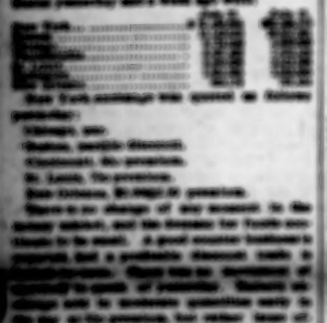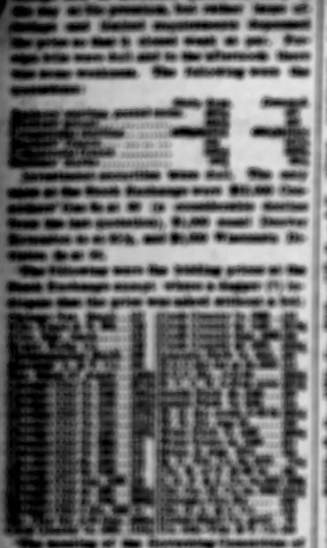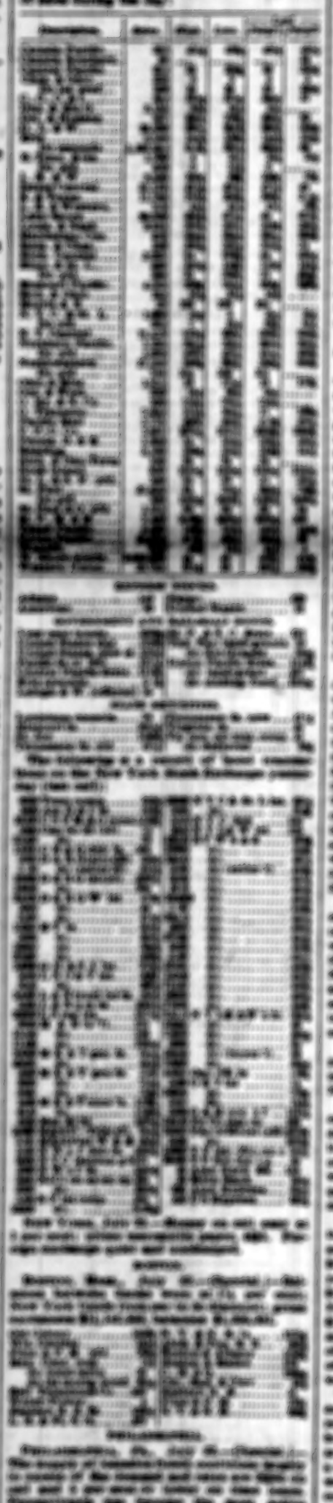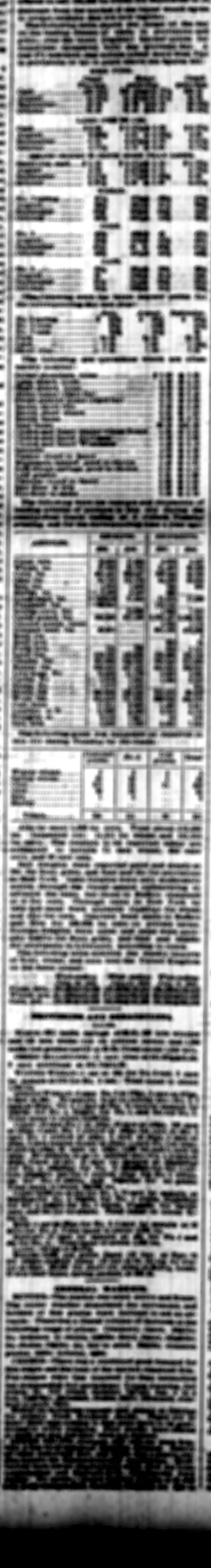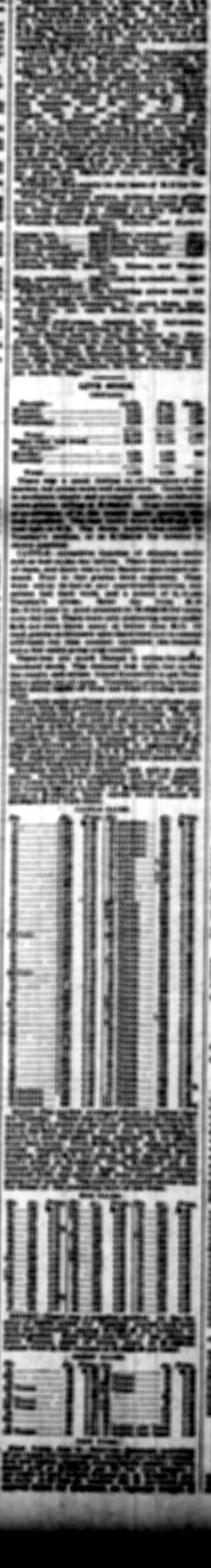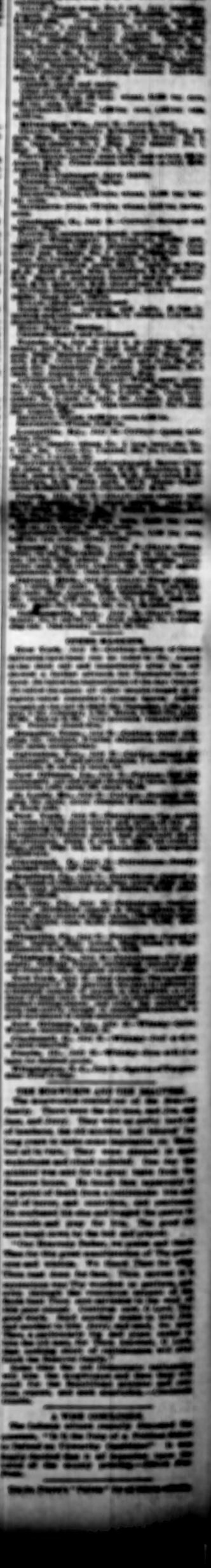
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